



Oifig an Uachtaráin

(Fóg.1916/Bun.1919)



Catherine Connolly
Áras an Uachtaráin
Phoenix Park
Dublin 8
D08 E1WS

29th October 2025

By Post Email; info@president.ie & Public Notice

Dear Catherine,

I wish to congratulate you on your incumbent appointment to the Office of President as established by the 26 County Bunreacht na hÉireann 1937.

Your reiterated pledge of Oath to the People of Ireland and your sentiments and vision for a reinstated 32 County all Ireland Constitutional Republic during your tenure are noted and welcomed.

As you would be aware, the Constitution of the Republic of Ireland, proclaimed in arms at 12:04pm IRT on Easter Monday, April 24th, 1916, and established by the Will and Wish of the People of Ireland, on January 21st 1919, remains lawfully extant, and I am pleased to gift to you the most recent edition of *Bunreacht as an Poblacht na hÉireann* on behalf of the IRB and the Éire Community Councils.

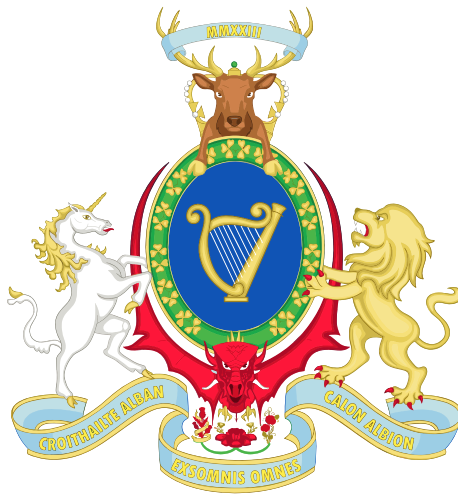
I trust you will uphold your Oath for the People of Ireland and that we will indeed see the reinstatement of the 32 County All Ireland Constitutional Republic Post of Peace in the not-too-distant future.

Is Mise le Meas

William James McGuire

Office of President of the Irish Republic
GPO Dublin, C/O The Mermaid House, Liscannor,
Clare, V95 DKF7, Éire





Bunreacht as an
Poblacht na hÉireann

POBLACHT NA H EIREANN.
THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT
OF THE
IRISH REPUBLIC
TO THE PEOPLE OF IRELAND.

IRISHMEN AND IRISHWOMEN: In the name of God and of the dead generations from which she receives her old tradition of nationhood, Ireland, through us, summons her children to her flag and strikes for her freedom.

Having organised and trained her manhood through her secret revolutionary organisation, the Irish Republican Brotherhood, and through her open military organisations, the Irish Volunteers and the Irish Citizen Army, having patiently perfected her discipline, having resolutely waited for the right moment to reveal herself, she now seizes that moment, and, supported by her exiled children in America and by gallant allies in Europe, but relying in the first on her own strength, she strikes in full confidence of victory.

We declare the right of the people of Ireland to the ownership of Ireland, and to the unfettered control of Irish destinies, to be sovereign and indefeasible. The long usurpation of that right by a foreign people and government has not extinguished the right, nor can it ever be extinguished except by the destruction of the Irish people. In every generation the Irish people have asserted their right to national freedom and sovereignty: six times during the past three hundred years they have asserted it in arms. Standing on that fundamental right and again asserting it in arms in the face of the world, we hereby proclaim the Irish Republic as a Sovereign Independent State, and we pledge our lives and the lives of our comrades-in-arms to the cause of its freedom, of its welfare, and of its exaltation among the nations.

The Irish Republic is entitled to, and hereby claims, the allegiance of every Irishman and Irishwoman. The Republic guarantees religious and civil liberty, equal rights and equal opportunities to all its citizens, and declares its resolve to pursue the happiness and prosperity of the whole nation and of all its parts, cherishing all the children of the nation equally, and oblivious of the differences carefully fostered by an alien government, which have divided a minority from the majority in the past.

Until our arms have brought the opportune moment for the establishment of a permanent National Government, representative of the whole people of Ireland and elected by the suffrages of all her men and women, the Provisional Government, hereby constituted, will administer the civil and military affairs of the Republic in trust for the people.

We place the cause of the Irish Republic under the protection of the Most High God, Whose blessing we invoke upon our arms, and we pray that no one who serves that cause will dishonour it by cowardice, inhumanity, or rapine. In this supreme hour the Irish nation must, by its valour and discipline and by the readiness of its children to sacrifice themselves for the common good, prove itself worthy of the august destiny to which it is called.

Signed on Behalf of the Provisional Government,

THOMAS J. CLARKE.

SEAN Mac DIARMADA.

P. H. PEARSE.

JAMES CONNOLLY.

THOMAS MacDONAGH.

EAMONN CEANNT.

JOSEPH PLUNKETT.



Irish Republican Brotherhood



Constitution Of The Republic of Ireland

To Thee, Most Holy Trinity & Highest God, We, the People of Ireland, dedicate our Constitution, and seek Thy Guidance that it be in consonance with Thy Divine Will and contribute to Thy Greater Glory. Amen.

This Constitution is in consonance with and in furtherance of the Constitution of the Republic of Ireland, proclaimed in arms on Easter Monday, April 24th, 1916, and established by the Will and Wish of the People of Ireland, on January 21st 1919.

The Republic of Ireland will be known as the Sovereign Republic of Éire and She, the State, the Nation, is a Sovereign, Independent, Democratic Nation State.

Article I

The Sovereignty of the Nation is inalienable. It is not within the competence of any generation of the People of Ireland to surrender Sovereignty, which each generation holds in Trust for the Nation. The question of surrender of National Independence may not be submitted to an Electorate.

Subject to that Fundamental Principle it is hereby declared that All Authority in Ireland, Legislative, Executive and Judicial, and all powers of Government, are derived solely, under God, from the People of Ireland. These powers are inherent in the People alone by virtue of their Sovereignty. They must be exercised in accordance with the principles of Liberty, Equality and Justice for all the People of Ireland. Any Legislation not in accordance with these principles is hereby declared to be null and void.

Article II

Freedom of Conscience, Free Assembly and Free Expression shall be guaranteed to every Citizen. No Law shall be made to prohibit or restrain the free exercise of any Religion – subject to Public Order or Morality.

Article III

The National and Official Language of the Republic of Ireland is the Irish Language. The English Language is permitted in the Legislature and Courts of the Republic, as long as may be deemed necessary by law.

Article IV

Every Man and Woman resident in the Republic of Ireland, who was born in the Republic of Ireland, and every Man and Woman born in any island in the Sovereign Territorial Seas of Éire, can be deemed a Citizen of the Republic of Ireland. Every Man and Woman, who has been ordinarily resident in the Republic of Ireland for a period of not less than ten years, though not of Irish birth or parentage, who will request to be so enrolled, who can show evidence of usefulness and who shall have made Declaration on Oath that he, or she, abjures and forswears all allegiance to any foreign power or government, can be deemed a Citizen of the Republic of Ireland, and may enjoy the rights and privileges in solidarity with the obligations of such Citizenship.

Article V

The Liberty of the Citizen is inviolable, and no Citizen shall be deprived of his/her liberty except in accordance with the laws made under the principles of Justice declared for all Citizens of the Republic of Ireland in this Constitution.

Article VI

The Dwelling of each Citizen of the Republic of Ireland is inviolable and shall not be entered forcibly, except in accordance with the Laws made in the spirit as well as the letter of this Constitution.

Article VII

The Right of Free Assembly is guaranteed, without any restriction on grounds of religious, political, medical or class distinctions provided that no Assembly, Union or Association be tolerated which has for its object the subordination of the Republic of Ireland to an Alien Power.

Article VIII

The Right of Free Expression of Opinion is guaranteed to every Citizen of the Republic of Ireland in so far as such does not advocate the subversion or infringement of National Sovereignty.

Article IX

The Nation guarantees to every Citizen of the Republic of Ireland opportunity for service, a just and adequate share of the National Wealth, right to the National Service, and living and working conditions conducive to the moral and material well-being of the Workers.

The Nation shall provide such control of the National Wealth and Resources, and secure such development thereof, as may be necessary to fulfil these obligations.

The Nation shall expect from each of the Citizens of the Republic of Ireland performance of his/her duties to the best of his/her ability.

Article X

All of the National Possessions of the Republic of Ireland, the Nations Soil and all its resources, all of the wealth and all of the wealth-producing processes within the Nation, belong of right to all of the Citizens of the Republic of Ireland. Private Property is sanctioned as a natural right but shall be subordinate to the Public Right and the Welfare of the Citizens of the Republic of Ireland. No Alien Government or Alien Corporation shall be permitted to hold, overhold, or own land in the Republic of Ireland.

Article XI

The Nation guarantees a National Housing Scheme with the objective to insure adequate accommodation for all of the Citizens of the Republic of Ireland. The Indigenous People of the Sovereign Republic of Éire in greatest need of shelter shall be prioritised for accommodation.

Article XII

A Sovereign State Bank will provide long term loans at low interest to assist farming, sole traders, small to medium sized enterprises and those Citizens of the Republic of Ireland that wish to mortgage or re-mortgage a dwelling.

Article XIII

Industries started or facilitated with the help of National resources, either by loan bounty or legal agreement, shall be on a co-operative basis, and under expert and efficient management, to guard against alien profiteering, and to safeguard against any lowering of the standard of goods produced.

Article XIV

The Nation guarantees to support the production of home-grown organic food production and farming. Sufficient supplies of home-grown organic food must be protected from export for the Citizens of the Republic of Ireland.

Article XV

A System of State Insurance to be inaugurated and endorsed by all Citizens of the Republic of Ireland. State to match Individual Contributions. This Insurance to cover:

- i. Sickness
- ii. Unemployment
- iii. Death of Breadwinner, where there are Dependants
- iv. Pensions to Citizens of the Republic of Ireland from 55yrs

Article XVI

The Government of the Republic shall consist of:

- I. A President.
- II. A National Legislature to be called Dáil Éireann
- III. A National Economic Council

Article XVII

Dáil Éireann shall consist of not less than 12 and not more than 88 Living Men and Women of Ireland. Every Citizen who is on the Roll of Voters is eligible for election to Dáil Éireann.

Article XVIII

All Citizens of the Republic who have reached the age of eighteen years with evidence of having passed through the Elementary School Course, in Public, Private or Home Schooling, shall have the right to vote for the President and for Members of the Legislature of the Government of the Republic.

Article XIX

The National Economic Council shall consist of Delegates representative of the various industrial and economic interests of the Republic, and the number of delegates from the Employers and the Employed shall be equal.

Article XX

The interests to be represented on the National Economic Council shall be:

- I. Agriculture, Forestry & Environment
- II. Fisheries
- III. Minerals & Mining
- IV. Manufacturing & Distributing
- V. Transport & Engineering
- VI. Banking
- VII. The Gaedhealtacht
- VIII. Tourism, Arts & Cultural Heritage

Article XXI

Dáil Éireann shall provide for a Special Council to protect the Gaedhealtacht and its territory and to promote its interests.

Article XXII

Dáil Éireann shall provide for a Special Council of Education to advise the Minister for Education. This Council shall be representative of the Universities, the Secondary, Technical and Elementary Schools, Public and Private, the Lay Assistant Teachers and/or the Home Schoolers.

Article XXIII

The Executive Authority of the Republic shall be vested in the President of the Republic assisted by a Council of State. The Council of State shall consist of a minimum of 12 Members appointed by An Dáil and subject to the approval of the President. The Holders of Seals of Office for Defence, Justice and Finance, shall be appointed directly by An Dáil from amongst its Members. Holders of Seals of Office for Departments dealing with the Industrial and Economic life of the Country shall be put forward for inclusion in a Panel to be presented to An Dáil by the National Economic Council through its Chairman who shall be the Holder of the Seal of Office for Finance. Such Panel may include names of Citizens who are not Members of An Dáil. If appointed, such Citizens shall become Ex-Officio Members of An Dáil and all Members shall be directly responsible to An Dáil for their Departments.

Article XXIV

A Bill shall be deemed to have passed and shall become Law when it has been passed by Dáil Éireann and signed by the President of the Republic under Seal.

Article XXV

The National Economic Council shall hold no Legislative Power. The National Economic Council shall act in an advisory capacity to Dáil Éireann on all matters dealing with the Industrial Interests and the Economic Development of the Country. Any scheme which shall have the approval of two-thirds of the Members of the National Economic Council shall be considered by An Dáil.

Article XXVI

The National Economic Council, by a two-thirds vote of its Members, may stay any Bill involving Social and Economic changes for a period not exceeding three months.

Article XXVII

The National Economic Council, on a vote of not less than three-fourths of its Members, may demand that any such Bill, passed by An Dáil, be referred to the people for passing into Law.

Article XXVIII

Any Bill, passed by An Dáil, may be suspended for a period not exceeding three months, if two-fifths of An Dáil so demand, provided that notice to that effect is served on the President of the Republic, and the Chairman of An Dáil, within eight days of the passing of the relevant Bill.

Article XXIX

If before the expiration of eight days from the passing of a Bill by An Dáil, one-twentieth of the voters on the Roll of Voters at the time so demand, the question shall be referred to the People, and a majority decision so taken shall be binding.

The People may themselves initiate legislation, either through the National Economic Council, or by a direct vote of ten thousand Voters.

Article XXX

Members of Dáil Éireann shall be entitled to a salary of (index linked) for regular attendance while An Dáil Éireann is in session.

The President of the Republic shall be entitled to an allowance 1.8 times that of a Dáil Éireann Member (index linked) together with such other allowances for official duties and expenses as may be deemed suitable to carry out the roll.

Ministers shall be entitled to an allowance 1.4 times that of a Dáil Éireann Member (index linked) and in addition such necessary allowance for official expenditure.

The salary of the Chief Justice is to be 1.6 times that of a Dáil Éireann Member (index linked). All salaries in the higher branches of the Civil Service shall be brought into a scale corresponding with the above.

Article XXXI

The Republic is a Sovereign Independent and Neutral Nation State. She will not engage, either as Principal or Auxiliary, in any war of aggression against the Rights of any other Nation. The Government shall provide for the defence of the Republic against all enemies, foreign or domestic. In time of peace the Republic shall maintain a Post of Peace and shall have no Standing Army commissioned. She will have sufficient forces commissioned for training purposes of all Units and for the care and maintenance of the equipment and facilities of the Defence Forces. This permanent Training and Maintenance Corps shall be the only National Military Force in full time commission.

Article XXXII

The Defence Forces of the Republic shall comprise:

1. Land Forces
2. Air Forces
3. Water Forces

Article XXXIII

There shall be Peace Keepers and Peace Constables for the Communities in the Republic of Éire. The duty of the Peace Keepers and the Peace Constables for the Republic as established shall be confined to a duty of keeping the peace and for safeguarding the Citizens of the Republic as Sovereign Living Men and Women of Éire, the People of Ireland, against trespass and wrongdoing.

Article XXXIV

The State acknowledges that the primary and natural educator of the child is the Family and guarantees to respect and support the inalienable right and duty of the Family Unit to provide in accordance with their wishes and means, for the moral, intellectual, physical and social education of their children.

Article XXXV

The Republic recognises that the right to health is an inclusive right, the right to health contains freedom, the right to health contains entitlements. Health services, goods and facilities must be provided to all without discrimination. All services, goods and facilities must be available, accessible, acceptable and of good quality.

Article XXXVI

The Courts

1. The Courts of the Irish Republic shall comprise The Community Courts, The County Courts AKA The High Courts, and the Central Court AKA The Supreme Court. The Courts shall administer the law, as it existed and was accepted by Dáil Éireann in consonance with the establishment of the Department of Justice of 22nd January 1919.

The Community Courts

2. The Community Courts shall have jurisdiction to administer justice for all matters at law for the Community as enshrined in the Manifesto of the Community Council for the mapped Community area.
3. The Community Courts shall sit with the principal of Trial by Jury at all material times before an appointed Community Justice.

4. The Flag of the Community Council, standing with the Flag of the Community Co-Op, standing with the Flag of the Irish Republic, all at or above a height of 1919mm, shall mark the jurisdiction for the Community Court Room.
5. The Community Court Room shall be a "level playing field" with no raised or elevated floor or seating levels for any standing or seated position.
6. Where there are 5 or more Community Courts within a mapped County Area, there shall be a County/High Court for that mapped County Area so recognised by the 5 or more Community Courts within the mapped County Area.

The County/High Courts

7. The County/High Court shall sit with the principal of Trial by Jury at all material times before an appointed Chief Justice for the County, an appointed Community Justice for the area where the County/High Court is sitting, and another appointed Community Justice for another Community Area outside of where the County/High Court is sitting.
8. The County/High Court shall have jurisdiction to decide on matters emerging from a decision of a Community Court where such a decision of the Community Court can present a potential precedent for other Community Court rulings.
9. The Flag of the Four Provinces, standing with the Flag of the Irish Republic, standing with the Flag of the Community Council for the place of the sitting of the County/High Court, all at or above 1919mm high, shall mark the jurisdiction for the County/High Court.
10. The County/High Court Room shall be a "level playing field" with no raised or elevated floor or seating levels for any standing or seated position.
11. Where there are 3 or more County/High Courts established within each of the Four Provinces of Connaught, Ulster, Leinster & Munster, so culminated, there shall be a Central/Supreme Court for the entire Sovereign Territory of Éire and the Irish Republic so recognised by all established County/High Courts as the Court of Final Jurisdiction.

The Central/Supreme Court

12. The Central/Supreme Court shall have final jurisdiction to decide on all matters concerning the Sovereign Nation State of Éire including any matter of concern emerging from a decision of a County/High Court where such decision of a County/High Court can present a potential precedent for other County/High Court rulings or can potentially concern the Sovereign Nation State of Éire if left undetermined at final jurisdiction.
13. The Flag of the Four Provinces and the Flag of the Irish Republic, standing at 1919mm or above, with the True Tri-Colour of the Irish Republic standing between and above the Flag of the Four Provinces and the Irish Republic, together shall mark the jurisdiction of the Central/Supreme Court of the Irish Republic and the Sovereign Territory of Éire.
14. The Central/Supreme Court Room shall be a "level playing field" with no raised or elevated floor or seating levels for any standing or seated position.
15. The Central/Supreme Court shall sit with the principal of Trial by Jury at all material times before an appointed Chief Justice for the Sovereign Territory of Éire and the Irish Republic, an appointed Chief Justice for the County Area where the Central/Supreme Court is sitting, and another appointed Chief Justice for another County Area outside of where the Central/Supreme Court is sitting.

The Justices

16. Every Man or Woman appointed as a Justice under this Constitution shall affirm and pledge the following declaration:

"In the presence of Almighty God, I..... do solemnly and sincerely promise and declare that I will duly and faithfully and to the best of my knowledge and power execute the Office of Community/County/Central Chief Justice without fear or favour, affection or ill-will towards any Man or Woman, and that I will uphold the Constitution in consonance with Natural Law, to the very best of my God-Given Ability."

17. This declaration shall be affirmed and pledged and signed, by the incumbent Justice in the presence of the President, or in the presence of the Presidents Envoy, and witnessed by at least two current holders of Seals of Office for Sovereign Dáil Éireann, within the jurisdiction of the relevant Court, so marked by the position of the relevant Flags denoting the relevant jurisdiction of the relevant Court, for the ratification of the appointment of the incumbent Justice.

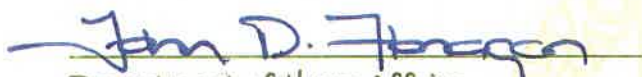
Sovereign and Indefeasible Rights

18. The Sovereign Territory of Éire is a Post of Peace in Consonance with Natural Law. All the People of Éire/the People of Ireland/the Sovereign People of Éire, and all the Visitors to Éire will respect the Post of Peace Position.
19. All Public Spaces and all Public Infrastructure, Services and Facilities, in the Sovereign Territory of Éire, including all Parks, Roads, Footpaths, Town Hall(s), Schools, Medical Centres, Rivers, Water Sources, Wastewater Treatment Facilities, Sport Facilities and Recreational Areas, belong by Right to the People of Ireland.
20. Any Legislation, Regulations Statute or Act being proposed by Local and National Corporate State Government will be on Notice to the Éire Community Council and will only be given Power and Effect if passed by the expressed Sovereign Votes of the People of Ireland.
21. The Sovereign and Indefeasible Rights of All Sovereign Claimants in Éire are antecedent to and above the Corporate State. These Rights can never be taken away, diminished, altered or levied by the Corporate State.
22. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Life, Freedom, Health and the Pursuit of Happiness.
23. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Contract, or not to Contract, which is Unlimited.
24. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to be Compensated in Fair Exchange for One's Work.
25. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Travel in the Ordinary Course of One's Life and Work.
26. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Privacy and Confidentiality, free of Unwarranted Trespass.
27. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right Build One's Own Home, on Notice to the Community, and to Own and Hold Private Property Lawfully without Trespass or Interference from any Element of any Corporate State Body.

28. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Self-Defence when threatened with Harm, Loss or Deceit.
29. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right of Due Process of Law, with Notice and Opportunity to Defend.
30. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to be Presumed Innocent, suffering no Detention or Arrest, No Search or Seizure, without Reasonable Cause.
31. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Remain Silent when Accused, to avoid Self-Incrimination.
32. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Equality in the eyes of the Law, and to Equal Presentation.
33. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Trial by Jury, being an impartial Panel of One's Peers.
34. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Appeal in Law against Conviction or Sentence or Both.
35. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Expose Knowledge necessary to One's Rights and Freedoms.
36. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Peaceful Association, Assembly, Expression and Protest.
37. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Love and to Consensual Marriage and Family.
38. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Security from Abuse, Threat, Persecution, Tyranny and War.
39. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Live in Peace and be left alone when Law-Abiding.
40. The Sovereign People of Éire have a Right to Obtain and Hold a Sovereign Licence for any Activity in the Sovereign Nation State of Éire once the Sovereign Licence is used for the Activity and not Mis-Used or Abused.

This Constitution will be the Constitution for the Communities of Éire and the Éire Courts. This Constitution may be amended after One Year and One Day after the 30th August 2025 provided that any such amendment proposed will be adopted by the wet ink signatures of the relevant Community Council Executive with the Seal of the People of Ireland Trust affixed, and in consonance with the relevant Éire Community Council & Co-Op Manifesto.

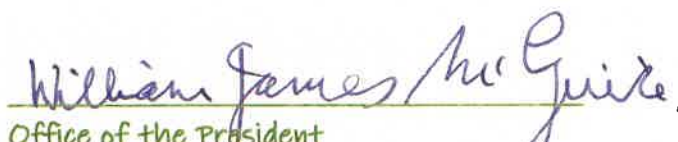
Adopted for the Communities of the Irish Republic this 30th Day of August 2025 by:


Department of Home Affairs




Office of the Chief Justice




Office of the President







BRÁITHREACHAS Phoblacht na hÉireann



Bunreacht As an Poblacht na hÉireann

Chun Dhuit, an Trionóid Naofa is airde Dia, Táimidne, muintir na hÉireann, tiomanta ár mBunreacht, agus a lorg Thy Treoir go bhfuil sé i consonance le Do Thoil Dhiaga agus cur le Thy Glóir Mhór. Áiméan.

Tá an Bunreacht seo i gcomhréir le Bunreacht Phoblacht na hÉireann agus ar mhaithe leis an mBunreacht sin, a fógraíodh in airm Luan Cásca, 24 Aibreán, 1916, agus a bunaíodh le hUacht agus Mian Mhuintir na hÉireann, an 21 Eanáir 1919.

Poblacht Cheannasach na hÉireann a thabharfar ar Phoblacht na hÉireann agus is Náisiúnstát Ceannasach, Neamhspleách, Daonlathach í an Stát, an Náisiún.

Airteagal 1

Tá Flaitheas an Náisiúin doshannta. Níl sé laistigh d'inniúlacht aon ghlúin de mhuintir na hÉireann Flaitheas a ghéilleadh, atá ag gach glúin ar Iontaobhas don Náisiún. Ní féidir an cheist maidir le géilleadh an Neamhspleáchais Náisiúnta a chur faoi bhráid Toghthóirí.

Faoi réir an Bhunphrionsabail sin, dearbhaítear leis seo gur ó Phobal na hÉireann amháin a thagann gach Údarás in Éirinn, Reachtach, Feidhmiúcháin agus Breithiúnach, agus gach cumhacht Rialtais. Tá na cumhachtaí seo ina ndlúthchuid den Phobal amháin de bhua a bhFlaitheas. Ní mór iad a fheidhmiú de réir phrionsabail na Saoirse, an Chomhionannais agus an Cheartais do mhuintir uile na hÉireann. Dearbhaítear leis seo go bhfuil aon Reachtaíocht nach bhfuil de réir na bprionsabal seo ar neamhní.

Airteagal II

Ráthófar Saoirse Choinsiasa, Saorthionól agus Saorchaint do gach Saoránach. Ní dhéanfar aon Díl chun saorfheidhmiú aon Reiligiúin a thoirmeasc ná a shrianadh – faoi réir Ord nó Moráltacht.



BRÁITHREACHAS Phoblacht na hÉireann



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Airteagal III

Is í an Ghaeilge Teanga Náisiúnta agus Oifigiúil Phoblacht na hÉireann. Ceadaithear an Béarla i Reachtas agus i gCúirteanna na Poblachta, fad is a mheasfar gur gá sin de réir dlí.

Airteagal IV

Is féidir a mheas gur Saoránach de Phoblacht na hÉireann gach Fear agus Bean a chónaíonn i bPoblacht na hÉireann, a rugadh i bPoblacht na hÉireann, agus gach Fear agus Bean a rugadh in aon oileán i bhfarraigí Críche Ceannasacha Éire. Gach Fear agus Bean, a raibh gnáthchónaí air nó uirthi i bPoblacht na hÉireann ar feadh tréimhse nach giorra ná deich mbliana, cé nach de bhreith nó de thuismiúch Éireannach é nó í, a iarrfaidh go gcuirfear ar an rolla amhlaidh é nó í, ar féidir leis nó léi fianaise ar úsáideacht a thaispeáint agus a mbeidh Dearbhú mionn déanta aige nó aici go ndéanfaidh sé nó sí gach dílseacht d'aon chumhacht nó rialtas coigríche a mhionnú, is féidir a mheas gur Saoránach de Phoblacht na hÉireann é, agus féadfaidh sé na cearta agus na príbhleáidí a bheith aige i ndlíthpháirtíocht le hoibleagáidí na Saoránachta sin.

Airteagal V

Tá Saoirse an tSaoránaigh dosháraithe, agus ní bhainfear a shaoirse nó a saoirse d'aon Saoránach ach amháin de réir na ndlíthe arna ndéanamh faoi phrionsabail an Cheartais a dhearbhaítear do shaoránaigh uile Phoblacht na hÉireann sa Bhunreacht seo.

Airteagal VI

Tá teaghais gach saoránaigh de Phoblacht na hÉireann dosháraithe agus ní iontrálfar é go forneartach, ach amháin de réir na ndlíthe a dhéantar de mheon an Bhunreachta seo chomh maith le litir an Bhunreachta seo.

Airteagal VII

Ráthaítear an Ceart Saorthionóil, gan aon srian ar fhorais idirdhealú creidimh, polaitíochta, liachta nó aicme, ar choinníoll nach nglacfar le haon Tionól, Aontas ná Comhlachas arb é is cuspóir dó Poblacht na hÉireann a fho-ordú do Chumhacht Eachtrannach.

Airteagal VIII

Ráthaítear an Ceart chun Tuairim a Nochtadh Saor in Aisce do gach saoránach de Phoblacht na hÉireann sa mhéid nach dtacaíonn sé sin le forleagan nó sárú ceannasachta Náisiúnta.

Airteagal IX

Ráthaíonn an Náisiún do gach saoránach de Phoblacht na hÉireann deis le haghaidh seirbhíse, sciar cóir agus leordhóthanach den Saibhreas Náisiúnta, ceart chun na Seirbhíse Náisiúnta, agus dálaí maireachtála agus oibre a chabhródh le folláine mhorálta agus ábhartha na nOibrithe. Soláthróidh an Náisiún cibé rialú ar an Saibhreas agus Acmhainní Náisiúnta, agus áiritheoidh sé cibé forbairt air, is gá chun na hoibleagáidí sin a chomhlíonadh. Beidh an Náisiún ag súil go gcomhlíonfaidh gach saoránach de Phoblacht na hÉireann a c(h)uid dualgas chomh fada agus is féidir leis/léi.

Airteagal X

Baineann sealúchais náisiúnta uile Phoblacht na hÉireann, Ithir na Náisiún agus a hacmhainní go léir, an saibhreas go léir agus na próisis táirgthe rachmais go léir laistigh den Náisiún, leis an gceart atá ag saoránaigh uile Phoblacht na hÉireann. Ceadáítear Maoin Phríobháideach mar cheart nádúrtha ach beidh sí faoi réir Cheart Poiblí agus Leasa Shaoránaigh Phoblacht na hÉireann. Ní cheadófar d'aon Rialtas eachtrannach ná d'aon Chorporáid Eachtrannach talamh a shealbhú, a shealbhú ná a shealbhú i bPoblacht na hÉireann.

Airteagal XI

Ráthaíonn an Náisiún Scéim Náisiúnta Tithíochta agus é mar chuspóir aici cóiríocht leordhóthanach a chinntiú do shaoránaigh uile Phoblacht na hÉireann. Tabharfar tús áite do Phobal Dúchasach Phoblacht Fhlaitheasach na hÉireann a bhfuil dídean de dhíth orthu le haghaidh cóiríochta.

Airteagal XII

Cuirfidh Banc Stáit Ceannasach iasachtaí fadtéarmacha ar fáil ar ús íseal chun cabhrú le feirmeoireacht, trádálaithe aonair, fiontair bheaga agus mheánmhéide agus saoránaigh Phoblacht na hÉireann ar mian leo teaghais a mhorgáistiú nó a athmhorgáistiú.

Airteagal XIII

Tionscail a thosófar nó a éascaítear le cabhair ó acmhainní Náisiúnta, trí dheolchaire iasachta nó trí chomhaontú dlíthiúil, beidh siad ar bhonn comhoibritheach, agus faoi bhainistíocht shaineolach agus éifeachtúil, chun cosaint a dhéanamh i gcoinne brabús eachtrannach, agus chun cosaint a thabhairt i gcoinne aon íslíú ar chaighdeán na n-earraí a tháirgtear.

Airteagal XIV

Ráthaíonn an Náisiún tacú le táirgeadh agus feirmeoireacht bia orgánach sa bhaile. Ní mór soláthairtí leordhóthanacha bia orgánach dúchais a chosaint ar onnmhairiú do shaoránaigh Phoblacht na hÉireann.

Airteagal XV

Córas Árachais Stáit atá le hinsealbhú agus le formhuiniú ag saoránaigh uile Phoblacht na hÉireann. ranníocaíochtaí aonair a mheaitseáil. Clúdóidh an tÁrachas seo:

1. Breoiteacht
2. Dífhostaíocht
3. Bás Breadwinner, áit a bhfuil Cleithiúnaithe
4. Písin do Shaoránaigh Phoblacht na hÉireann ó 55bl.

Airteagal XVI

Is iad a bheidh ar Rialtas na Poblachta:

1. Uachtarán.
2. A National Legislature to be called Dáil Éireann
3. Comhairle Náisiúnta Eacnamaíoch

Airteagal XVII

12 fhear agus bean bheo ar a mhéid de chuid na hÉireann a bheidh i nDáil Éireann. Tá gach Saoránach atá ar Rolla na Vótálaithe incháilithe lena thoghadh do Dháil Éireann.

Airteagal XVIII

Gach Saoránach den Phoblacht a bhfuil ocht mbliana déag d'aois slánaithe acu agus fianaise acu go ndeachaigh siad tríd an gCúrsa Bunscolaíochta, sa Scolaíocht Phoiblí, Phríobháideach nó Bhaile, beidh ceart vótála acu don Uachtarán agus do Chomhaltaí Reachtas Rialtas na Poblachta.

Airteagal XIX

Is iad a bheidh ar an gComhairle Náisiúnta Eacnamaíoch Toscairí a bheidh ionadaitheach do leasanna éagsúla tionscail agus eacnamaíocha na Poblachta, agus beidh líon na dtoscairí ó na Fostóirí agus ó na Fostaithe comhionann.

Airteagal XX

Is iad na leasanna a mbeidh ionadaíocht acu ar an gComhairle Náisiúnta Eacnamaíoch:

1. Talmhaíocht, Foraoiseacht & Comhshaoil
2. Iascach
3. Mianraí & Mianadóireacht
4. Déantúsaíocht & Dáileadh
5. Iompar & Innealtóireacht
6. Baincéireacht
7. The Gaedhealtacht
8. Turasóireacht, Na hEalaíon & Oidhreacht Chultúrtha

Airteagal XXI

Déanfaidh Dáil Éireann socrú chun Comhairle Speisialta chun an Gaedhealtacht agus a críoch a chosaint agus chun a leasanna a chur chun cinn.

Airteagal XXII

Déanfaidh Dáil Éireann foráil maidir le Comhairle Speisialta Oideachais chun comhairle a thabhairt don Aire Oideachais. Beidh an Chomhairle seo ionadaitheach do na hOllscoileanna, do na Meánscoileanna, do na Scoileanna Teicniúla agus do na Bunscoileanna, Poiblí agus Príobháideacha, do na Múinteoirí Cúnta Tuata agus/nó do na Scoileanna Baile.

Airteagal XXIII

Beidh Údarás Feidhmiúcháin na Poblachta dílsithe d'Uachtarán na Poblachta le cúnamh ó Chomhairle Stáit. 12 Chomhalta ar a laghad a cheapfaidh an Dáil agus faoi réir cheadú an Uachtaráin a bheidh ar an gComhairle Stáit. Déanfaidh an Dáil sealbhóirí Séalaí Oifige Cosanta, Ceartais agus Airgeadais a cheapadh go díreach as líon a comhaltaí. Déanfar sealbhóirí Séalaí Oifige do Ranna a dhéileáil le saol Tionscail agus Eacnamaíochta na Tíre a chur ar aghaidh lena gcur ar Phainéal a thíolacfaidh an Chomhairle Náisiúnta Eacnamaíochta don Dáil trína Cathaoirleach agus is é sealbhóir an tSéala Oifige Airgeadais a bheidh ann. Féadfaidh ainmneacha Saoránach nach Comhaltaí den Dáil iad a bheith ar an bPainéal sin. Má ceaptar iad, tiocfaidh na Saoránaigh sin chun bheith ina gComhaltaí Ex-Officio den Dáil agus beidh gach Comhalta freagrach go díreach don Dáil as a Ranna.

Airteagal XXIV

Measfar Bille a bheith rite agus tiocfaidh sé chun bheith ina Dhlí nuair a bheidh sé rite ag Dáil Éireann agus sínithe ag Uachtarán na Poblachta faoi Shéala.

Airteagal XXV

Ní bheidh aon Chumhacht Reachtach ag an gComhairle Náisiúnta Eacnamaíoch. Gníomhóidh an Chomhairle Náisiúnta Eacnamaíochta i gcáil chomhairleach do Dháil Éireann i dtaobh gach ní a bhaineann le Leasanna Tionscail agus le Forbairt Eacnamaíoch na Tíre. Breithneoidh an Dáil aon scéim a mbeidh ceadú dhá thrían de Chomhaltaí na Comhairle Náisiúnta Eacnamaíochta aici.

Airteagal XXVI

Féadfaidh an Chomhairle Náisiúnta Eacnamaíoch, trí vóta dhá thrían dá comhaltaí, bac a chur ar aon Bhille lena ngabhann athruithe Sóisialta agus Eacnamaíocha ar feadh tréimhse nach faide ná trí mhí.

Airteagal XXVII

Féadfaidh an Chomhairle Náisiúnta Eacnamaíochta, ar vóta nach líú ná trí cheathrú dá comhaltaí, a éileamh go ndéanfar aon Bhille den sórt sin, a rithfidh an Dáil, a tharchur chuig an bpobal lena rith sa Dlí.

Airteagal XXVIII

Féadfar aon Bhille, a rithfidh an Dáil, a fhionraí go ceann tréimhse nach faide ná trí mhí, má éilfonn dhá chúigiú den Dáil é, ar choinníoll go seirbheálfar fógra á rá sin ar Uachtarán na Poblachta, agus ar Chathaoirleach na Dála, laistigh d'ocht lá ó dháta rite an Bhille iomchuí.

Airteagal XXIX

Más rud é, roimh ocht lá a bheith caite ón Dáil do rith Bille, go mbeidh an fichiú cuid de na Vótálaithe ar Rolla na Vótálaithe an tráth a éileofar é, cuirfear an cheist faoi bhráid an Phobail, agus beidh cinneadh tromlaigh a ghlacfar amhlaidh ina cheangal.

Féadfaidh an Póbal féin reachtaíocht a thionscnamh, tríd an gComhairle Náisiúnta Eacnamaíoch, nó trí vóta díreach deich míle Vótálaithe.

Airteagal XXX

Beidh comhaltaí de Dháil Éireann i dteideal tuarastail (innéacs nasctha) as freastal rialta fad a bheidh An Dáil Éireann i seisiún.

Beidh Uachtarán na Poblachta i dteideal liántais 1.8 oiread liántas comhalta de chuid Dháil Éireann (innéacs nasctha) mar aon le cibé liántais eile i leith dualgas agus caiteachas oifigiúil a mheasfar a bheith oiriúnach chun an rolla a chur i gcrích.

Beidh Airí i dteideal liántais 1.4 oiread liántais chomhalta de chuid Dháil Éireann (innéacs-nasctha) agus ina theannta sin cibé liántas is gá i leith caiteachais oifigiúil.

Beidh tuarastal an Phríomh-Bhreithimh 1.6 oiread níos mó ná tuarastal Chomhalta de chuid Dháil Éireann (innéacs nasctha).

Déanfar na tuarastail go léir sna hardbhraisí den Státseirbhís a thabhairt i scála a chomhréir leis an méid thuas.

Airteagal XXXI

Is Náisiúnstát Neamhspleách Neodrach Ceannasach í an Phoblacht. Ní ghabhfaidh sí, mar Phríomhoide ná mar Chúntóir, in aon chogadh ionsaithe in aghaidh Chearta aon Náisiúin eile. Déanfaidh an Rialtas socrú chun an Phoblacht a chosaint ar gach naimhde, eachtrannach nó tís. In aimsir shíochána coimeádfaidh an Phoblacht Post Síochána agus ní bheidh aon Bhuan-Arm coimisiúnaithe aici. Beidh dóthain fórsaí coimisiúnaithe aici chun críocha traenála na nAonad go léir agus chun trealamh agus saoráidí Óglaigh na hÉireann a aireachasú agus a chothabháil. Is é an Cór Buan-Traenála agus Cothabhála seo an t-aon Fhórsa Míleata Náisiúnta a bheidh i gcoimisiún lánaimseartha.

Airteagal XXXII

Is éard a bheidh in Óglaigh na Poblachta:

1. Fórsaí Talún
2. Aerfhórsaí
3. Fórsaí Uisce

Airteagal XXXIII

Beidh Coimeádaithe Síochána agus Constáblaí Síochána ann do na Comhphobail i bPoblacht na hÉireann. Ní bheidh de dhualgas ar Choimeádaithe Síochána agus ar Chonstáblaí Síochána na Poblachta arna mbunú ach dualgas chun an tsíocháin a choimeád agus saoránaigh na Poblachta a choimirciú mar Fhíor agus Mná Beo Ceannasacha na hÉireann, Mhuintir na hÉireann, in aghaidh foghla agus éagóra.

Airteagal XXXIV

Admhaíonn an Stát gurb é an Teaghlach príomhoideachasóir agus oideachasóir nádúrtha an linbh agus ráthaíonn sé meas agus tacaíocht a thabhairt do cheart agus dualgas doshannta an Aonaid Teaghlaigh soláthar a dhéanamh de réir a mianta agus a n-acmhainne, d'oideachas morálta, intleachtúil, fisiciúil agus sóisialta a leanaí.

Airteagal XXXV

Aithníonn an Phoblacht gur ceart cuimsitheach é an ceart chun sláinte, go bhfuil saoirse sa cheart chun sláinte, go bhfuil teidliochtaí sa cheart chun sláinte. Ní mór seirbhísí, earraí agus áiseanna sláinte a chur ar fáil do chách gan idirdhealú. Ní mór gach seirbhís, earra agus áis a bheith ar fáil, inrochtana, inghlactha agus ar ardchaighdeán.

Airteagal XXXVI

Na Cúirteanna

1. Is iad a bheidh i gCúirteanna Phoblacht na hÉireann Cúirteanna an Phobail, Cúirteanna an Chontae AKA Na hArd-Chúirteanna, agus an Phríomh-Chúirt AKA An Chúirt Uachtarach. Riarfaidh na Cúirteanna an dlí, mar a bhí sé agus ghlac Dáil Éireann leis i gcomhar le bunú na Roinne Dlí agus Cirt an 22 Eanáir 1919.

Na Cúirteanna Pobail

2. Beidh dlínse ag Cúirteanna an Chomhphobail chun ceartas a riar i leith gach ní dlí don Chomhphobal mar atá sé cumhdaithe i bhForógra Chomhairle an Chomhphobail do limistéar mapáilte an Chomhphobail.
3. Suífidh na Cúirteanna Comhphobail leis an bpríomhoide trialach ag Giúiré gach tráth ábhartha os comhair Breithimh Chomhphobail cheaptha.
4. Déanfaidh Bratach na Comhairle Pobail, a sheasann le Bratach an Chomharchumainn Phobail, a sheasann le Bratach Phoblacht na hÉireann, iad go léir ag airde 1919mm nó os a chionn, an dlínse a mharcáil do Sheomra Cúirte an Chomhphobail.
5. "Cothrom na Féinne" a bheidh i Seomra Cúirte an Chomhphobail gan aon urlár ardaithe ná ardaithe ná leibhéil suí d'aon seasamh ná suíochán.
6. I gcás ina mbeidh 5 Chúirt Pobail nó níos mó laistigh de Limistéar Contae mapáilte, beidh Contae/Ard-Chúirt ann don Limistéar Contae mapáilte sin atá aitheanta amhlaidh ag na 5 Chúirt Pobail nó níos mó laistigh de Limistéar an Chontae mapáilte.

An Contae/Na hArd-Chúirteanna

7. Suífidh an Chontae/an Ard-Chúirt leis an bpríomhoide trialach ag Giúiré gach tráth ábhartha os comhair Príomh-Bhreitheamh ceaptha don Chontae, Breitheamh Pobail ceaptha don cheantar ina bhfuil an Chontae/an Ard-Chúirt ina suí, agus Breitheamh Pobail ceaptha eile do Limistéar Pobail eile lasmuigh den áit a bhfuil an Chontae/an Ard-Chúirt ina suí.
8. Beidh dlínse ag an gContae/ag an Ard-Chúirt cinneadh a dhéanamh ar ábhair a eascraíonn as cinneadh Cúirte Pobail i gcás inar féidir le cinneadh den sórt sin ón gCúirt Chomhphobail fasach féideartha a chur i láthair le haghaidh rialuithe eile de chuid na Cúirte Pobail.
9. Déanfaidh Bratach na gCeithre Cúige, a sheasann le Bratach Phoblacht na hÉireann, a sheasann le Bratach na Comhairle Pobail d'áit suí na Contae/na hArd-Chúirte, iad go léir ag 1919mm ar airde nó os a chionn, dlínse na hArd-Chúirte Contae/na hArd-Chúirte a mharcáil.

10. "Cothrom na Féinne" a bheidh i Seomra an Chontae/na hArd-Chúirte gan aon urlár ardaithe ná ardaithe ná leibhéil suíocháin d'aon seasamh ná suíochán.
11. I gcás ina mbeidh 3 Chontae/Ard-Chúirt nó níos mó bunaithe laistigh de gach ceann de cheithre Chúige Chonnacht, Uladh, Laighean & Mumhan, agus go mbeidh an Chúirt Lárnach/Uachtarach ann do Chríoch Cheannasach iomlán na hÉireann agus Poblacht na hÉireann atá aitheanta amhlaidh ag gach Contae/Ard-Chúirt bhunaithe mar Chúirt na Dlíne Deiridh.

An Chúirt Láir/Uachtarach

12. Beidh dlínse chríochnaitheach ag an gCúirt Lárnach/Uachtarach cinneadh a dhéanamh maidir le gach ábhar a bhaineann le Náisiúnstát Ceannasach na hÉireann, lena n-áirítear aon ábhar inni a eascraíonn as cinneadh Contae/Ard-Chúirte i gcás inar féidir le cinneadh den sórt sin ó Chontae/Ard-Chúirt fasach féideartha a chur i láthair le haghaidh rialuithe eile Contae/Ard-Chúirte nó d'fhéadfadh baint a bheith aige le Náisiúnstát Ceannasach Éire má fhágtar gan chinneadh é ag an dlínse deiridh.
13. Déanfaidh Bratach na gCeithre Cúigí agus Bratach Phoblacht na hÉireann, a sheasann ag 1919mm nó os a chionn, agus Fíor-Thrí-Dhath Phoblacht na hÉireann ina seasamh idir Bratach na gCeithre Cúigí agus Poblacht na hÉireann agus os a chionn, mar aon le dlínse Chúirt Lárnach/Uachtarach Phoblacht na hÉireann agus Chríoch Cheannasach Éire.
14. "Cothrom na Féinne" a bheidh i Seomra na Cúirte Láir/Uachtaraí gan aon urlár ardaithe ná ardaithe ná leibhéil suíocháin d'aon seasamh ná suíochán.
15. Suífidh an Chúirt Lárnach/Uachtarach le príomhoide na Trialach ag Giúiré gach tráth ábhartha os comhair Príomh-Bhreitheamh ceaptha do Chríoch Cheannasach na hÉireann agus Phoblacht na hÉireann, Príomh-Bhreitheamh ceaptha don Limistéar Contae ina bhfuil an Chúirt Lárnach/Uachtarach ina suí, agus Príomh-Bhreitheamh ceaptha eile do Limistéar Contae eile lasmuigh den áit a bhfuil an Chúirt Lárnach/Uachtarach ina suí.

Na Giúistísí

16. Déanfaidh gach Fear nó Bean a cheapfar mar Bhreitheamh faoin mBunreacht seo an dearbhú seo a leanas a dhaingniú agus a chur i ngeall:

"I láthair Dé Uilechumhachtaigh, I..... geallaim agus dearbhóidh mé go sollúnta agus go dílis go ndéanfaidh mé Oifig an Phríomh-Bhreithimh Pobail/Contae/Láir a fhorghníomhú go cuí agus go dílis agus chomh fada agus is eol dom agus mar is cumhacht dom gan eagla ná fabhar, gean ná droch-thoil i leith aon Fhir nó Mná, agus go seasfaidh mé leis an mBunreacht i gconsain leis an Dlí Nádúrtha, chomh fada agus is féidir le mo Chumas Dia-Tugtha."

17. Déanfaidh an Breitheamh reatha an dearbhú sin a dhaingniú agus a ghealladh agus a shíniú, i láthair an Uachtaráin, nó i láthair Thoscaire an Uachtaráin, agus fianaise ag beirt shealbhóirí reatha ar a laghad ar Rónta Oifige do Dháil Cheannasach Éireann, laistigh de dhlíne na Cúirte iomchuí, arna marcáil amhlaidh ag seasamh na mBratacha iomchuí a léiríonn dlíne iomchuí na Cúirte iomchuí, chun ceapadh an Bhreithimh reatha a dhaingniú.

Cearta Ceannasacha agus Dodhéanta

18. Is Post Síochána í Críoch Cheannasach Éire i gcomhréir leis an Dlí Nádúrtha. Beidh meas ag Muintir Éire/Muintir na hÉireann/Pobal Ceannasach Éire, agus ag na Cuairteoirí go léir ar Éire ar Sheasamh an Phoist Síochána.
19. Is le Muintir na hÉireann na Spásanna Poiblí go léir agus gach Bonneagar Poiblí, Seirbhísí agus Saoráid Phoiblí, i gCríoch Cheannasach na hÉire, lena n-áirítear gach Páirc, Bóthar, Coiscosán, Halla/Halla an Bhaile, Scoileanna, Ionaid Leighis, Aibhneacha, Foinsí Uisce, Saoráidí Cóireála Fuíolluisce, Saoráidí Spóirt agus Limistéir Áineasa, de cheart le Muintir na hÉireann.
20. Beidh aon Reachtaíocht, Rialacháin, Reacht nó Acht atá á mholadh ag Rialtas Corparáideach Áitiúil agus Náisiúnta Stáit ar Fhógra do Chomhairle Pobail na hÉireann agus ní thabharfar Cumhacht agus Éifeacht dó ach amháin má ritheann Vótaí Ceannasacha Phobal na hÉireann é.
21. Tá Cearta Ceannasacha agus Dodhéanta na nÉilitheoirí Ceannasacha go léir in Éirinn roimh an Stát Corparáideach agus os cionn an Stáit. Ní féidir leis an Stát Corparáideach na Cearta seo a thógáil, a laghdú, a athrú nó a thobhach riamh.
22. Tá ceart ag muintir cheannasach na hÉireann chun beatha, saoirse, sláinte agus tóir ar sonas.

23. Tá Ceart ag Pobal Ceannasach Éireann Connradh, nó gan Connradh, atá Neamhtheoranta.
24. Tá sé de cheart ag muintir cheannasach na hÉireann cúiteamh a fháil mar mhalairt chothrom ar a gcuid oibre.
25. Tá sé de cheart ag muintir Fhlaitheasach na hÉireann taisteal i ngnáthchúrsa a shaoil agus a shaothair.
26. Tá Ceart chun Príobháideachais agus Rúndachta ag Pobal Ceannasach na hÉireann, saor ó Shárú Gan Údar.
27. Tá sé de cheart ag muintir Fhlaitheasach Éireann Teach Féin a Thógáil, ar fhógra don Phobal, agus maoin phríobháideach a shealbhú agus a shealbhú go dleathach gan Sárú ná Cur Isteach ó aon Ghné d'aon Chomhlucht Stáit Corparáideach.
28. Tá Ceart Féinchosanta ag Pobal Ceannasach na hÉireann nuair a bhíonn siad faoi bhagairt Dochar, Caillteanas nó Meabhlaireachta.
29. Tá ceart dlí ag Slaitheasach na hÉireann, le fógra agus deis chun iad a chosaint.
30. Tá sé de cheart ag Pobal Ceannasach Éireann go dtoimhdeofaí go bhfuil siad neamhchiontach, gan aon choinneáil ná gabháil, gan aon chuardach ná urghabháil, gan cúis réasúnta.
31. Tá sé de cheart ag Pobal Ceannasach na hÉireann fanacht ina dtost nuair a chuirtear i leith iad, chun Féin-Christú a sheachaint.
32. Tá Ceart ag Pobal Ceannasach Éire chun Comhionannais i súile an Dlí, agus chun Cur i láthair Comhionann.
33. Tá Ceart ag Pobal Ceannasach na hÉireann Triail a fháil le Giúiré, agus is Painéal neamhchlaonta de Chomhghleacaithe iad.
34. Tá sé de cheart ag pobal ceannasach Éireann achomharc a dhéanamh sa dlí i gcoinne ciontaithe nó pianbhreithe, nó an dá rud.
35. Tá sé de cheart ag Pobal Ceannasach Éireann an t-eolas atá riachtanach do chearta agus do shaoirsí a nochtadh.
36. Tá sé de cheart ag muintir Fhlaitheasach Éireann comhlachas, tionól, léiriú síochánta agus agóid a dhéanamh.
37. Tá ceart ag pobal ceannasach na hÉireann chun grá agus chun pósadh agus teaghlaigh chomhthoiliúil.

38. Tá sé de cheart ag Pobal Ceannasach na hÉireann slándáil a fháil ó mhí-úsáid, bagairt, géarleanúint, tiorántacht agus cogadh.
39. Tá sé de cheart ag Pobal Ceannasach Éire maireachtáil i síocháin agus a bheith fágtha ina n-aonar nuair a bhíonn siad ag cloí leis an dlí.
40. Tá sé de cheart ag Pobal Ceannasach Éireann Ceadúnas Ceannasach a fháil agus a shealbhú d'aon Ghníomhaíocht i Náisiúnstát Ceannasach Éireann a luaithe a úsáidtear an Ceadúnas Ceannasach don Ghníomhaíocht agus ní dhéantar mí-úsáid nó mí-úsáid air.

Is é an Bunreacht seo an Bunreacht do Phobail na hÉireann agus do Cháirteanna na hÉireann. Féadfar an Bunreacht seo a leasú tar éis Bliana agus Lá amháin tar éis an 30 Lúnasa 2025 ar choinníoll go nglacfar le sínithe dúch fliuch Fheidhmeannacht na Comhairle Pobail ábhartha le Séala Iontaobhas Mhuintir na hÉireann greamaithe, agus i gcomhréir le Forógra ábhartha Chomhairle Pobail agus Comharchumann na hÉire.

Arna ghlacadh do Phobail Phoblacht na hÉireann an 30ú lá seo de Lúnasa 2025 ag:

Seán Ó hIonagáin
An Roinn Gnóthaí Baile

Colm Ó Gramaichín
Oifig an Phríomh-Bhreithimh

William McGinley
Oifig an Uachtaráin



The Sovereign Territory of the Sovereign Republic of Éire

IN the name of God and the Dead Generations, I, John D. Flanagan, Chair of the IRB Council, duly authorized by IRB Resolution, January 11, 2025, hereby claim on behalf of William James McGuire, IRB President, President of the Irish Republic and Sovereign President of the Sovereign Nation State of Éire, as his Envoy, ALL of the Sovereign Territory of the Sovereign Republic of Éire, consisting of 220 million acres, or about 880,000 square kilometers, as shown in purple on the map herein, all the Land, Air and Water, and all assets and resources of the Sovereign Territory of Éire, therein and thereof, for the People of Ireland.

Signed

Chairman

John D. Flanagan



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Witness 1

Executive Member

Howard M. Hughes

Witness 2

President

William James McGuire
W.J. McGuire
Éire

21st January 2025



Ar son na hÉireann agus a Clainne



Declaration of Éire

By The Éire Council

The Éire Community Council to the Good People of Munster, Leinster, Ulster & Connanught.

Being Equals in the Name of our Creator, and in fidelity with our Ancestors that have fought for the freedom of our Nations so that we and All Future Generations may live freely:

As One People of Four Nations, in Consonance with the Unity & Protection of All of Albion; By, the Commitments and Loyalties of our Selfless Volunteers.

We hereby Declare the Right of the People of Ireland to the Ownership of Ireland and the unfettered control of Irish Destinies to be Sovereign and Indefeasible, with the Inherent Right to the Irish Republic therein enshrined,

And we herewith Affirm; the recognition that every Declared Sovereign Living Man & Woman, being unrestricted, is entitled to an equal share of their Nation's Wealth, and to hold and enjoy Private Property in the Self-Governing Communities of Éire,

We the People, are above King & Kingdom, Pope & Papal Bull, Crown & Corporation, with this Truth herewith so Embossed, Signed and Sealed in Natural Law.

This Fifth Day of April Two Thousand and Twenty-Five

In Trust for the Éire Councils & Co-Ops

